

General cleaning advice regarding synthetic floors

The daily cleaning:

1. The first step is to remove loose particles using a vacuum cleaner. Try to trace the source of the loose dirt and if possible overcome the problem. (Think of something as a high quality floor mat).
2. For use on a daily basis a light alkaline detergent with the following properties should be used:
 - contains no soap or polymer
 - low foaming
 - pH value between 7 and 13 (pure)

When using a product containing soap or polymers a thin layer of residue will be left behind on the floor. This layer will attract dirt particles. This means that the floor will become polluted more quickly. Besides the fact that the soap residue attracts and contains dirt particles it can also cause the floor getting slippery.
3. Mix the detergent using a measuring cup in the prescribed ratio with water.
4. Use a flat mop containing microfiber to mop the floor. Make sure the mop is not too wet because excess water will cause visible traces of lime once the floor is dry. The advantage of a microfiber flat mop is that the dirt particles will be picked up and removed. Unlike a regular mop a flat mop will leave no traces of dirt and water on the walls when it is swept from left to right and against walls.
5. Try to prevent anybody walking on the floor when it is still wet.

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